## How is the NCAA Core GPA Calculated?

The NCAA Eligibility Center calculates GPAs using the 4.000 scale: $A=4 ; B=3 ; C=2 ; D=1$.
To determine points earned for each course, multiply the numeric grade value (4, 3, 2 or 1 ) by the amount of credit earned. A semester is awarded 0.50 unit of credit and a trimester is awarded . 34 unit of credit.
The NCAA Eligibility Center does not use plus or minus grades when calculating core-course GPA. For example, grades of $\mathrm{B}+, \mathrm{B}$ and B - will all be worth 3 quality points each.

If your high school uses a numeric scale, the high school needs to provide a conversion to a letter grade and communicate that to the NCAA Eligibility Center.

## Examples of total quality point calculation:

- An A grade ( 4 points) for a trimester course ( 0.34 units): 4 points $\times 0.34$ units $=1.36$ total quality points.
- An A grade ( 4 points) for a semester course ( 0.50 units): 4 points $\times 0.50$ units $=2.00$ total quality points.
- An A grade ( 4 points) for a full-year course ( 1.00 units): 4 points $\times 1.00$ units $=4.00$ quality points.


## Calculate the Overall Grade-Point Average:

To calculate the estimated core-course grade-point average, divide the total number of points for all core courses by the total number of core-course units completed.
Note: The best grades from a student's NCAA courses will be used to satisfy the core-course requirements.

